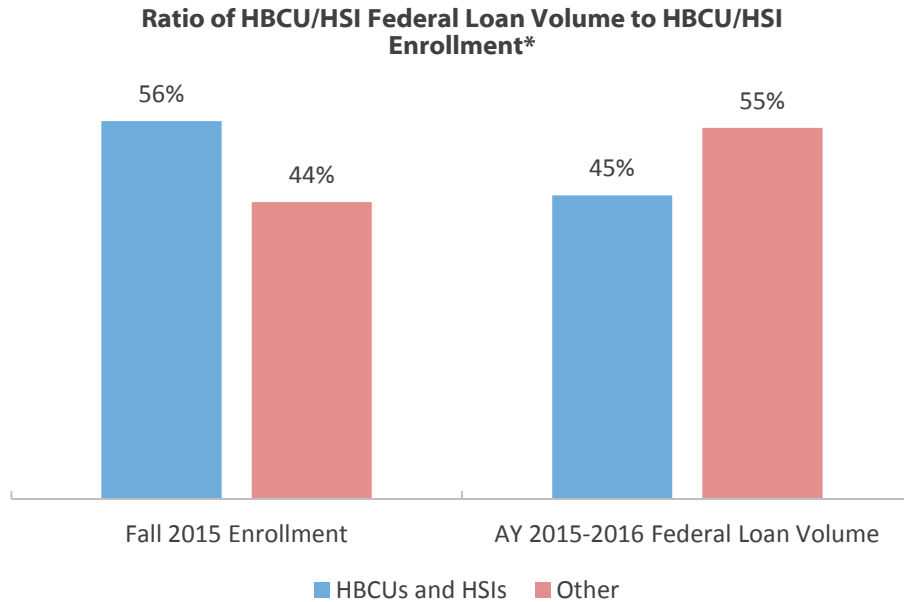


# HBCU and HSI Federal Loan Volume Is Proportionally Less Than Enrollment



Texas has nine Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) and 44 Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSIs). HBCUs and HSIs accounted for 56 percent of total Texas enrollment in fall 2015 while generating 45 percent of Award Year 2015–2016 Federal Direct Loan Program (FDLP) volume.

HBCUs are higher education institutions that were established prior to 1964 with the intention of primarily serving the African-American community, though students of all races and ethnicities are welcome to apply. There are 107 HBCUs nationwide.

Institutions meeting certain eligibility criteria, such as having at least a 25 percent Hispanic undergraduate enrollment, can apply for federal funding under Title III of the Higher Education Act. This federal program helps HSIs better serve their populations, which often include first generation and low-income students.

\*Does not include proprietary schools for volume or enrollment.

Sources: Enrollment: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) 2016 (<http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/>); Loan Volume: U.S. Department of Education, Federal Student Aid Data Center, Programmatic Volume Reports (<http://federalstudentaid.ed.gov/datacenter/programmatic.html>); HBCUs: U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights database. "Accredited Postsecondary Minority Institutions" (<http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/edlite-minorityinst.html>); HSIs: U.S. Department of Education, unpublished report (special request).

